

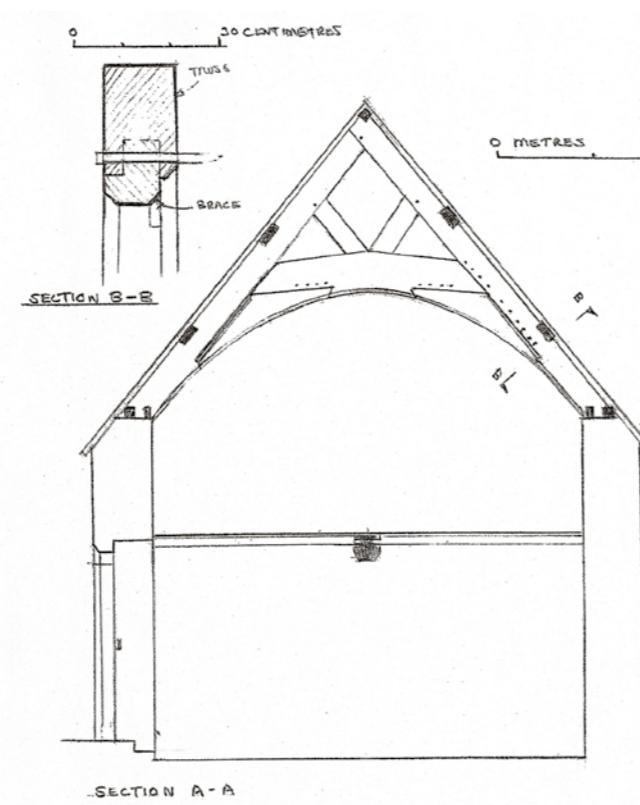


Tai Fframwaith Coed a Cherrig Dinbych

Denbigh Timber-framed and Stone Houses

Y tŷ cynharaf yn Ninbych hyd y gwyddys yw Siop Clwyd, adeilad fframwaith coed sydd wedi'i ddendro-ddyddio i 1533. Ar yr adeg hon roedd gan yr holl dai a siopau fframwaith coed. Erbyn diwedd yr unfed ganrif ar bymtheg roedd adeiladau pwysig yn cael eu hadeiladu o garreg. Un enghraifft yw'r neuadd farchnad/sir a godwyd ym 1572. Datblygodd yr adeiladau ym Mrynyparc o'r tu blaen o c. 1540 a wnaed o fframwaith coed yn rhannol, a cheir ystafelloedd y parlwr mawr yn y cefn sy'n dyddio i c. 1600, yn debyg i Ddolbelydr.

The earliest dated house in Denbigh is the timber-framed Siop Clwyd, dendro-dated to 1533. At this time all houses and shops would have been timber-framed. By the late sixteenth century high-status buildings were built of stone typified by the shire/market hall of 1572. The buildings at Brynyparc developed from the partly timber-framed front-range of c. 1540 and culminate in the rear great parlour range of c. 1600, similar to Dolbelydir.



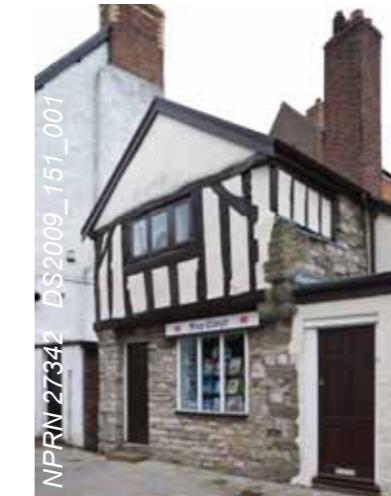
Chwith: Mae gan y King's Arms, Stryd y Dyffryn, siambr fawr ar y llawr cyntaf lle gellir gweld cwpl bwa-gleddog a thrawstiau nenfwd a distiau wedi'u siamffro.

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Left: The King's Arms, Vale Street, retains a first-floor great chamber, with an archbraced truss and chamfered ceiling and joist beams.

Isod: Cafodd Siop Clwyd, Stryd Fawr, ei hadeiladu c. 1533. Adeilad fframwaith coed gyda llawr uwch ymwithiol yw hwn. Mae yna gwpl bwa-gleddog yn yr oruwydystafell o hyd.

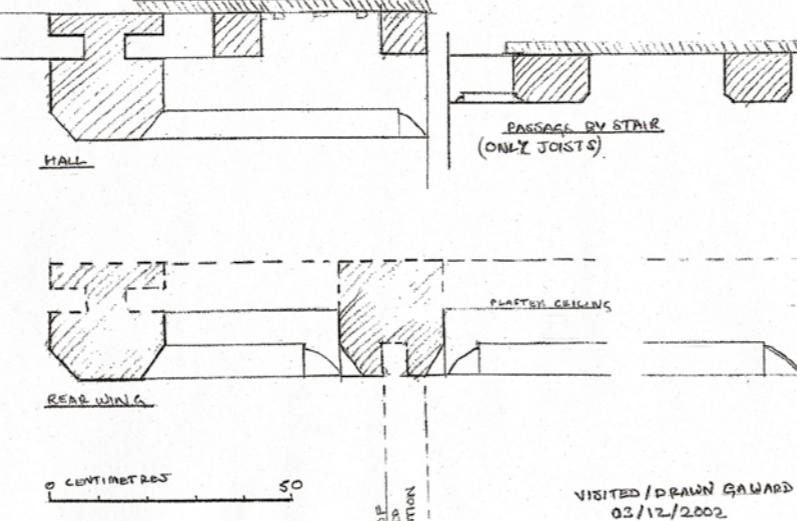
Isod: Adeilad fframwaith coed o'r uned ganrif ar bymtheg sydd wedi'i rendro bellach yw'r Llew Aur, Lôn Gefn. Mae ganddo lawr uwch ymwithiol a phared post-and-panel y tu mewn.

Below: Siop-Clwyd, High Street, was built c. 1533, and is a timber-framed and jettied building, retaining an archbraced truss to its solar.



Isod: Adeilad tri llawr a adeiladwyd o garreg ar ddechrau'r ail ganrif ar bymtheg yw Gwesty'r Bull, Dinbych. Cafodd ei estyn ym 1666. Er cael ei alw'ndafarn goets fawr gynnar, mae'n debyg iddo gael ei adeiladu fel plasty trefol i fonheddwr.

Below: The Bull Hotel, Denbigh, is a three-storey, stone-built, early seventeenth-century building, with a later addition of 1666. Known as an early coaching inn it was probably built as a superior gentry town house.



Below: The Golden Lion, Back Row, is a sixteenth-century, timber-framed and jettied building, now rendered, with an internal post-and-panel partition.

